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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/760,367	01/21/2004	Hideyuki Kanayama	70591-016	1379
7590 08/03/2005 McDermott, Will & Emery 600 13th Street, N.W.			EXAMINER	
			DUNWIDDIE, MEGHAN K	
Washington, DC 20005-3096			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2875	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/760,367	KANAYAMA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Meghan K. Dunwiddie	2875				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	_ <i>.</i>					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	action is non-final.					
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) 4, 7, 16/7, 17/4, 17/7 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) See Continuation Sheet is/are rejecte 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/21/04 & 6/2/04.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

Continuation of Disposition of Claims: Claims rejected are 1-3,5,6,8-15,16/2,16/5,16/6,16/10,16/11,16/14,16/15,17/1-17/3,17/5,17/6,17/8-17/15 and 18.

DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is a Non-Final Rejection in response to the application filed on January 22, 2003 by **Kanayama** et al.

Priority

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statements (IDS) submitted on January 21, 2004 and June 2, 2004 are in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97, and accordingly, have been considered by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Art Unit: 2875

4. Claims 1-3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12-15, 16/2, 16/5, 16/6, 16/10, 16/14, 16/15, 17/1-17/3, 17/5, 17/6, 17/8, 17/10, 17/12-17/15, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by **Kim** et al. (US 2005/0013132).

- 5. In reference to Claim 1, **Kim** et al. shows an illuminating device [Figure 11: (68)] comprising:
 - a white light source [Figure 11: (43)], and an auxiliary light source [Figure 11: (60)] emitting light having a wavelength component which is considered to be insufficient from the viewpoint of color reproduction in the white light source [Figure 11: (43)],
 - Wherein the white light source [Figure 11: (43)] and the auxiliary light source
 [Figure 11: (60)] and light from said auxiliary light source [Figure 11: (60)] are
 arranged such that their respective optical axes cross each other [See Figure 11],
 - And light mixing means [Figure 11: (66)] for mixing light from said white light source [Figure 11: (43)] and light from said auxiliary light source [Figure 11: (60)] and emitting the mixed lights is provided at the position where he optical axes cross each other [See Figure 11].
- 6. In reference to Claim 2, **Kim** et al. shows:
 - Said auxiliary light source [Figure 11: (60)] has a plurality of solid-state light sources [See page 3 paragraph [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)] respectively emitting parallel lights arranged therein,

Art Unit: 2875

And an optical integrator [Figure 11: (44)] for preventing the lights respectively emitted from the solid-state light sources [See page 3 paragraph [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)] from being introduced in a nonuniform state onto an object to be illuminated [Figure 24: (353)] is provided on the light exit side [Figure 11: (66a)] of said light mixing means [Figure 11: (66)].

- 7. In reference to Claim 3, **Kim** et al. shows an illuminating device [Figure 11: (68)] comprising:
 - A white light source [Figure 11: (43)],
 - And an auxiliary light source [Figure 11: (60)] emitting light having a wavelength component which is considered to be insufficient from the viewpoint of color reproduction in the white light source [Figure 11: (43)],
 - Wherein used as the auxiliary light source is one emitting only red light in a predetermined wavelength range [See page 2-3 paragraph [0044] lines 6-10],
 - The auxiliary light source [Figure 11: (60)] is a arranged around a light emission area of said white light source [Figure 11: (43)],
 - And there is provided an optical integrator [Figure 11: (44)] for preventing the lights respectively emitted from the light sources [Figure 11: (43) and (60)] being introduced in a nonuniform state onto an object to be illuminated [Figure 24: (353)].

Art Unit: 2875

8. In reference to Claim 5, **Kim** et al. shows:

A pair of fly's eye lenses [Figure 11: (44a and 44b)] is provided as said optical integrator [Figure 11: (44)],

And each of the solid-state light sources [See page 3 paragraph [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)] and each of lenses composing the pair of fly's eye lenses [Figure 11: (44a and 44b)] correspond to each other.

9. In reference to Claim 6, **Kim** et al. shows:

- Said auxiliary light source [Figure 11: (60)] has a plurality of solid-state light sources [See page 3 paragraph [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)] respectively emitting parallel lights arranged therein,
- A pair of fly's eye lenses [Figure 11: (44a and 44b)] is provided as said optical integrator [Figure 11: (44)],
- And each of the solid-state light sources [See page 3 paragraph [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)] and each of lenses composing the pair of fly's eye lenses [Figure 11: (44 a and 44b)] correspond to each other.
- 10. In reference to Claim 8, **Kim** et al. shows an illuminating device [Figure 11: (68)] comprising:
 - A white light source [Figure 11: (43)] comprising a concave reflecting element [Figure 11: (45)], and an auxiliary light source [Figure 11: (60)] emitting light

Art Unit: 2875

having a wavelength component which is considered to be insufficient from the viewpoint of color reproduction in the white light source [Figure 11: (43)],

- Wherein the light emitted from said auxiliary light source [Figure 11: (60)] is condensed in the vicinity of a light emitting point of said white light source [Figure 11: (43)].
- 11. In reference to Claim 10, Kim et al. shows:
 - Said auxiliary light source [Figure 1: (60)] has a plurality of solid-state light sources [See page 3 paragraph [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)] arranged therein,
 - And each of the solid-state light sources [See page 3 paragraph [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)] has a condenser element [Figure 24: (341)].
- 12. In reference to Claim 12, **Kim** et al. shows an illuminating light source [Figure 11: (68)] comprising:
 - A first light source [Figure 11: (43)] and a second light source [Figure 11: (60)]
 respectively emitting nearly parallel lights [See Figure 11],
 - And an optical member [Figure 11: (44)] having a first optical element [Figure 11: (44a)] for introducing the light emitted from said first light source [Figure 11: (43)] in a particular direction and a second optical element [Figure 11: (44b)] for

Art Unit: 2875

introducing the light emitted from the second light source [Figure 11: (60)] in a direction parallel to said particular direction alternately arranged therein,

- A white light source being provided as said first light source [Figure 11: (43)],
- And an auxiliary light source [Figure 11: (60)] emitting light having a wavelength component which is considered to be insufficient from the viewpoint of color reproduction in said white light source [Figure 11: (43)] being provided as said second light source [Figure 11: (60)].
- 13. In reference to Claim 13, **Kim** et al. shows an illuminating device [Figure 13: (78)] comprising:
 - A first light source emitting nearly parallel lights [Figure 13: (43)],
 - An optical member [Figure 13: (44)] having a plurality of optical elements [Figure 13: (44a and 44b)] for respectively introducing the lights emitted from said first light source [Figure 13: (43)] in particular directions formed therein with predetermined spacing [See Figure 13],
 - And a second group of light sources [Figure 13: (70a and 70b)] arranged among said optical elements [Figure 13: (44a and 44b)] and respectively emitting nearly parallel lights in directions parallel to said particular directions [See Figure 13],
 - A white light source being provided as said first light source [Figure 13: (43)],
 - And an auxiliary light source [Figure 13: (70a and 70b)] emitting light having a
 wavelength component which is considered to be insufficient from the viewpoint

Art Unit: 2875

of color reproduction in said white light source [Figure 13: (43)] being provided as said second group of light sources [Figure 13: (70a and 70b)].

- 14. In reference to Claims 14 and 15, Kim et al. shows:
 - Said auxiliary light source [Figure 11: (60)] has a plurality of solid-state light sources respectively emitting nearly parallel lights arranged therein [See page 3 paragraph [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)].
- 15. In reference to Claims 16/2, 16/5, 16/6, 16/10, 16/14, and 16/15, **Kim** et al. shows an illuminating device [Figure 11: (68)] wherein:
 - There are provided as said solid-state light sources [See page 3 paragraph
 [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)] solid-state light sources
 respectively emitting lights having different wavelengths [See page 3 paragraph
 [0046] lines 1-3],
 - And there is provided means for driving each of the solid-state light sources [See page 3 paragraph [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)] to selectively emit the light.
- 16. In reference to Claims 17/1-17/3, 17/5, 17/6, 17/8, 17/10, 17/12-17/15, and 18, **Kim** et al. shows a projection type video display apparatus [Figure 24]:
 - That modulates light emitted from an illuminating device [Figure 24: (231)] using a light valve [Figure 24: (347)] and projects the modulated light.

Application/Control Number: 10/760,367

Art Unit: 2875

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Page 9

- 17. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 18. Claims 9, 11, 16/11, 17/9, and 17/11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Kim** et al. (US 2005/0013132) in view of **Kudo** (US 5610763).
- 19. Regarding Claims 9, 11, 16/11, 17/9, and 17/11 **Kim** et al. shows an illuminating device [Figure 11: (68)] comprising:
 - A white light source [Figure 11: (43)],
 - And an auxiliary light source [Figure 11: (60)] emitting light having a wavelength component which is considered to be insufficient from the viewpoint of color reproduction in the white light source [Figure 11: (43)]
 - Said auxiliary light source [Figure 1: (60)] has a plurality of solid-state light sources [See page 3 paragraph [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)] arranged therein,
 - And each of the solid-state light sources [See page 3 paragraph [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)] has a condenser element [Figure 24: (341)].
 - There are provided as said solid-state light sources [See page 3 paragraph
 [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)] solid-state light sources

Art Unit: 2875

respectively emitting lights having different wavelengths [See page 3 paragraph [0046] lines 1-3],

- And there is provided means for driving each of the solid-state light sources [See page 3 paragraph [0053] lines 4-5 in reference to Figure 15: (80a and 80b)] to selectively emit the light.
- a projection type video display apparatus [Figure 24] that modulates light emitted from an illuminating device [Figure 24: (231)] using a light valve [Figure 24: (347)] and projects the modulated light.

20. Kim et al. does not show:

- Wherein light emitted from said white light source is condensed at a predetermined position,
- And a light incidence surface of a rod prism, which is an optical integrator is located at the predetermined position.

21. Kudo teaches:

- Wherein light emitted from said white light source [Figure 7: (1)] is condensed at a predetermined position [Figure 7: (A₃)],
- And a light incidence surface of a rod prism [Figure 7: (40)], which is an optical integrator is located at the predetermined position [Figure 7: (A₃)].

Art Unit: 2875

22. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention to condense the light emitted from both the white light source and the auxiliary light source as shown in **Kim** et al. at a predetermined position on the light incidence surface of a rod prism taught by **Kudo** for the purpose and advantage of converting the emitted light from perpendicular to parallel rays.

Allowable Subject Matter

23. Claims 4, 7, 16/7, 17/4, and 17/7 are allowed.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Meghan K. Dunwiddie whose telephone number is (571) 272-8543. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8 am-4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sandra O'Shea can be reached on (571) 272-2378. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 2875

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MKD

Stephen Husar Primary Examiner